



Police & Crime Commissioner for Cleveland
Cleveland Community Safety Hub
1 Cliffland Way
Middlesbrough
TS8 9GL

Email: pcc@cleveland.pnn.police.uk
Website: <http://www.cleveland.pcc.police.uk>

Police and Crime Commissioner:
Chief Executive & Monitoring Officer:

Barry Coppinger
Simon Dennis BA, Solicitor

Tel: 01642 301653
Tel: 01642 301653

PCC Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

Date: 5 April 2019
Time: 1300-1600
Venue: Riverside Room

Agenda

| | | Presented by |
|----|---|---------------------|
| 1. | Apologies For Absence | |
| 2. | Declaration of conflict of interest/disclosable pecuniary interest | |
| 3. | Notes of the previous meeting 20 February 2019 | |
| 4. | Future Budget Planning | Cleveland Police |
| 5. | Transforming Cleveland Police and Sopra Steria Transition | Cleveland Police |
| 6. | Estates Strategy | Cleveland Police |
| 7. | Issues arising from the Appropriate Authorities Meeting | OPCC |
| 8. | Drones | Cleveland Police |
| 9. | National Child Protection Inspection - Post inspection Review | Cleveland Police |

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| 10. | Everyone Matters | OPCC |
| 11. | Forensics – Update | Cleveland Police |
| 12. | Super Complaints - Liberty | For discussion |
| 13. | PCC Questions – i) Cleveland Connected ii) Emergency Services Mobile Communication Programme | Cleveland Police |
| 14. | Any Other Business | |
| 15. | Date of next meeting – 5 May 2019 | |



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

Wednesday 20 February 2019

10am

Endeavour Room, Cleveland Community Safety Hub

Present

Barry Copping - Police and Crime Commissioner

Jo Gleeson – Chief Finance Officer, Cleveland Police

Helen McMillan – Temporary Deputy Chief Constable, Cleveland Police

Judith Nellist – Commissioner's Officer for Policy and Scrutiny, OPCC

Michael Porter – Chief Finance Officer, OPCC

Elise Pout, Standards and Scrutiny Manager, OPCC

Apologies for absence

Jo Hodgkinson, Deputy Chief Executive and Simon Dennis - Chief Executive and Monitoring Officer, OPCC

Declarations of Conflict of Interest/Disclosable Pecuniary Interest.

1. None declared.

Notes of the Previous Meeting

2. The notes of the following meeting were approved for publication.

i. 16 January 2019

Cleveland Police – Corporate Financial Monitoring Report to 31 December 2018

3. The Chief Finance Officer gave an update based on the submitted report which outlined that the year-end forecast was for a breakeven position. The underspend of £780k on police pay and allowances comprised of an underspend on police pay due to an increase in the number of retirements than was originally forecasted, the movement of officers between core policing and collaborated units and a change in the recruitment profile. The underspend was offset by a forecasted £380k overspend on police overtime. The underspend of £200k on PCSO pay and allowances was due to not replacing leavers until later in the year, changes in recruitment profile and PSCOs moving to PC roles.
4. An overspend of £580k was reported on non-staff budgets, which was due to increased police pension costs, increased workload of forensics and changes to contingency in relation to uniform and boots. The ESN project national procurement for replacement airwave handsets. This was as a result of the ESN project being delayed and the current airwave handsets starting to fail.

5. It was reported that there was a small underspend on the capital budget due to the thorough assessment of capital spends which had been on-going and if projects did not go ahead then funds were returned if no longer required.
6. Details of the key risks to the revenue budget were highlighted which included: Employment Tribunal claims; the unprecedented number of major incidents; the unpredictability of historic case reviews; and the potential cost resulting in on-going investigations in relation to data breaches.
7. The report highlighted details of the budget for collaborations and key schemes including estates, equipment, ICT and fleet.

ACTIONS

- i) that the report and its contents were noted.
 - ii) That an update be provided at the next Scrutiny, Delivery and Performance meeting on the position with the estates strategy, to include the programme of sale of buildings and land.

PCC Budget Monitoring Report to 31 December 2018

8. The Chief Finance Officer for the PCC submitted a report to provide the PCC with an update on all areas of the budget. That included: forecasts of how much income would be received during the year; the progress against the budget to date; and forecasts on the expenditure for the remainder of the year.
9. The PCC was asked to note the following:
 - a) The Office of the PCC's budget was expected to breakeven during 2018/19.
 - b) The Corporate Services budget of £9,475k was expected to underspend slightly £45k at this point of the financial year.
 - c) The £3,939k to support PCC initiatives and Victims and Witnesses Services, including £1,450k to invest in Neighbourhood Policing was forecast to underspend by £200k at this stage in the financial year.
 - d) It was forecast that the income received by the PCC would be £355k more than the original budget.
 - e) The Force was currently forecasting to breakeven.
 - f) The total forecast outturn at the end of the third quarter of the financial year was that there would be an overall underspend of £600k although it was noted that the 2018/19 budget was supported by £950 from General Reserves.
10. The Office of the PCC's budget of £860k was expected to breakeven during 2018/19.
11. It was noted that when the budget was set the income was forecast to be £134,644k and was allocated into the following areas:
 - a) £860k to run the Office of the PCC
 - b) £3,939k to support PCC initiatives and Victims and Witness Services
 - c) £9,475k for Corporate Services
 - d) £119,770k to the Police Force
 - e) £1,400k to the Capital Programme
 - f) £150k to Earmarked Reserves
 - g) Supported by £950k from General Reserves.

12. It was noted that overall the Force had worked hard to ensure that the budget had been brought back line. In conclusion it was noted that the budget underpinned the PCC's 5 objectives. The finances of the organisation were tight, with the best possible service being delivered within the budgetary constraints. The potential pressures in relation to data breaches and pay awards had not materialised and overall expenditure budgets had been brought back to a breakeven point.

Actions

- i) That the report was noted
- ii) Consideration be given as to how best to highlight the income in grant funding received by the OPCC.

Robustness of Estimates and Adequacy of Financial Reserves

13. The Local Government Act 2003 required the Chief Finance Officer of the PCC to report formally on the robustness of the budget for consideration, prior to it being set. The report provided assurance on the robustness of the budget proposed and the affordability of the capital programme. In relation to the next year and the medium and longer term.
14. The report outlined the basis for the robustness of estimates and the adequacy of the level of reserves, details of the available funding, government funding for 2020/21 and beyond, future precept plans, expenditure plans, pay awards, inflation, savings requirements and capital expenditure.
15. To conclude it was noted that the budget setting process was designed to ensure that the estimates brought forward for approval were sound and robust and this was confirmed within the report. The PCC's policy was to ensure that sufficient levels of reserves and balances were available to provide for known, anticipated and unforeseen costs and the CFO confirmed that the approach to reserves and balances was appropriate. The budget report required that the PCC must take a robust approach to the underlying level of available resources by agreeing a long term financial plan aimed at maintaining a sustainable position through the Plan period.
16. Whilst the financial position for 2019/20 was relatively challenging, the estimates they were based on were robust.

Actions

- i. That the report and its contents were noted and taken into account when setting the 2019/20 Revenue and Capital Budgets and when considering the Long Term Financial and Capital Plans.
- ii. That the Reserves Strategy as set out in Appendix A was approved.
- iii. That the Force should bring a report to a future meeting which would outline how the Force's spending would be planned not only in the current year but the next 2-3 years to prepare for growth and capacity in the future should additional funding become available.

PCCs Long Term Financial Plan 2019/20 to 2022/23 and Capital Plans 2019/20 to 2022/23

17. The report sought the PPC's approval for the budget proposals for 2019/20 and the Long Term Financial Plan for 2019/20-2022/23 in line with the legal requirement to set the budget prior to the 1 March each year for the following financial year.
18. The PCC was requested to approve the following allocation of £145,365k of revenue funding that was forecast to be received
 - a) £880k to run the Office of the PCC
 - b) £5,440k to support PCC initiatives and Victims and Witness Services
 - c) £9,920k for Corporate Services
 - d) £128,215k to the Police Force
 - e) £2,120k to the Capital Programme
 - f) £150k to Earmarked Reserves
 - g) This was to be supported by £260k from Earmarked Reserves and £950k from General Reserves.
19. The PCC was asked to note that the 2019/20 budget was based on the approved £24 increase in the level of Band D precept for 2019/20.
20. It was noted that the impact on Police Pension changes to Cleveland was £3.3m. Therefore in overall cash terms, before Precept was considered, the organisation had less cash than it had last year from the Government, taking into account the additional pension costs that had been passed from the government to Local Forces. In real terms it was a further cut to Government Funding of circa £2.1m
21. In terms of a comparison with the national picture, the Government stated that the settlement including council tax and pension grant represented an average cash increase of 7.2% between 2018-19 and 2019-20. Cleveland had not seen an average increase in total funding; it would only receive a further £1.8m of additional recurring funding for 2019/20.
22. The report set out the significant funding gap for the required staffing model. The force had modelled both the minimum and required staffing model for the force. The additional precept flexibility had provided the finances to be able to attain the 'minimum' model and that had been factored into the Forces £128.2m budget and assumed that a further £1.5m would continue to be provided by the PCC to invest in Neighbourhood Policing Resources. The financial gap between the 'minimum' and 'required' was calculated to be £5m. The decision by the PCC, to return the services provided by Sopra Steria to the Force in October 2020 provided the opportunity to close that gap. The PCC could make a further £1m available to the Force in 2019/20 and beyond to further close the gap and the Force had been asked for plans to set out what the gap looked like from a resourcing perspective and then to develop a plan of how it could be best spent, what it would deliver in terms of improved outcomes and how it could be delivered.
23. The report outlined details of the main reserves held and major risks and unknowns that surrounded the figures within the report. Risks included: pay awards; increases in Pension Contribution; inflation; borrowing costs and the ability to deliver savings.

Action – that the report and its contents were approved.

Cleveland Police Long Term Financial Plan 2019/20 and 2022/23

24. The Chief Finance officer for the Force presented the report, the purpose of which was to provide information on the Long Term Financial plan which demonstrated the Force's operation plan was affordable, that financial stability could be maintained and that funding was targeted to those activities that best made communities safer and stronger.
25. The key priority of the Force had been the development of a sustainable service model. A number of significant work streams had been delivered or were work in progress and they included:
 - Local Policing Reviews
 - Strategic Intent Proposals
 - Major and volume crime functions
 - Rationalisation of management structures
 - Workforce modernisation
 - 3 force legal service
 - Restructure of the policing model
 - Implementation of the wellbeing agenda and reduction in sickness levels
 - Implementation of the Digital Strategy
26. The Force's Chief Finance officer explained the revenue position which detailed the Establishment's minimum level of support in 2019/20. It included 1,239 Police Officers (consisting of 1,183 core funded police officers, 50 officers within the Historic Investigation Unit and 6 Neighbourhood Police Officers funded by the OPCC), 131 PSCOs and 423 staff, giving a total establishment of 1,793. It was noted that the funding for the Historic Investigation Unit was funded through a special grant from the Home Office. The grant was resubmitted on an annual basis and was not guaranteed.
27. The Force projected a break-even position for each year of the plan, which was dependent upon continued robust financial management ensuring that all new initiatives and mandated changes could be absorbed within the given funding. The PCC was expected to receive £3.1m more in grant income in 2019/20 than in 2018/19. However, the Home Office had increased the amount payable in regards to police pension contributions by £3.3m which allowed the Force to continue to fund the current level of service delivery.
28. It was noted that the majority of spend within the Capital Budget was based around ICT projects, including the costs associated with the Digital Strategy, the ERP system, workforce agility, the digital first programme and the National Identity Access Management (NIAM) scheme.
29. In conclusion it was noted that although many items would change over the next four years, the assumptions in the LTFP provided for a stable financial position for the Force, assurance was provided that the strategic plans and core priorities of prevention, protection and intervention were both affordable and achievable.

Action – that the report and its contents were approved.

Capital Strategy 2019/2020

30. The Chief Finance Officer for the OPCC presented the capital strategy and noted that the strategy, which was required to be updated on an annual basis, should be read in conjunction with the Treasury Management Policy and the Annual Investment Strategy. The strategy set out clear objectives and framework for all aspects of the PCC's capital and investment expenditure
31. In discussing the Capital Programme the PCC asked that consideration should be given to developing the Force's drone capacity, how it could be resourced, and consideration of how collaborations could take place with the fire service and local authorities. It was suggested that as part of the scoping for that piece of work that benchmarking should be done with neighbouring forces to assess their use of drones and seek their views.

Actions

- i. That the report and its contents were approved in order to comply with the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance 2017.
- ii. That the Temp Deputy Chief Constable should establish a working group to research the use of drone technology.

Treasury Management and Prudential Indicators Report

32. The Chief Finance Officer for the PCC submitted a report as required by the CIPFA Prudential Code of Practice to set out the range of Prudential Indicators for the financial year 2019/20.
33. The Prudential Code required authorities (including the PCC) to self-regulate the affordability, prudence and sustainability of their capital expenditure and borrowing plans, by setting limits and publishing actuals for a range of Prudential Indicators.
34. It was noted that based on the indicators proposed within the report, it was confirmed that the revenue budget, capital programme and associated financing was within prudent limits. A prudent investment strategy had been put forward for approval that sought to secure the money being invested.

Actions

- i. That the PCC approved the Prudential Indicators set out in the report at paragraphs 3.5, 3.6 and 3.7.
- ii. That the Annual Investment Strategy was approved
- iii. That the Treasury Management Policy was approved
- iv. Note that the future investments would be placed in line with the Annual Investment Strategy.

Minimum Revenue Position 2019/20

35. The Chief Finance Officer for the PCC submitted a report that sought approval from the PCC for the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) strategy. The MRP complemented the wider financial picture to provide transparency on the cost to the PCC of taking on new borrowing which was linked to the PCC's prudential indicators and the overall management of the PCC's assets.

Action – the PCC approved the Minimum Revenue Provision Strategy for 2019/20

Audit and Inspection Updates – National Child Protection Post Inspection Review

36. Updates from Audits and Inspections are scheduled into the PCC's scrutiny programme. In July 2018 Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Constabulary and Fire & Rescue Services (HMICFRS) carried out a post inspection review of National Child Protection and the report was published in November 2018.
37. At the Scrutiny, Delivery and Performance meeting on 25 October 2017, the PCC received details about the HMICFRS report published on 21 September 2017. HMICFRS inspectors found that the force was committed to protecting children and this was reflected in the police and crime plan. This strong commitment was seen in the chief officer team and the PCC. However, HMICFRS discovered some weaknesses in the force's approach to child protection. As a result of the inspection the PCC sought, in the first instance, an assurance that the areas for concern that were highlighted for immediate action had been dealt with and then information on the Force's plans to address the recommendations.
38. It was noted at that meeting the inspection had been largely positive but that there were a number of recommendations for the Force to implement. Work was on-going to consider good practice in other forces as a way of addressing some of the issues.
39. The PCC considered the action plan that had been produced at the time and was satisfied that significant effort had been made and was assured that any immediate concerns, as highlighted within the inspection report, had been dealt with swiftly.
40. In April 2018, prior to the re-inspection, the PCC sought information on progress with the action plan and at that meeting was told that the force was working on Public Protection Notices (PPN) and Occurrence Enquiry Log (OEL)s, although this work was dependent on the NICHE upgrade, which had only taken place in March 18. It was anticipated that this would bring improvements in the way of a consistent oversight. A training plan for staff would be in place by the time of the inspection.
41. Following the re-inspection HMICFRS were still concerned about how the Force responded to children who go missing from care or from home.
42. The PCC therefore sought details on the following:
 - a) An update on progress with the original action plan to include details of the new initiatives implemented by the Force and an analysis of their impact.
 - b) Details of the effect of the NICHE upgrade on PPNs and the OEL.
 - c) An outline of the areas for improvement as detailed in the re-inspection, to include details of the Force's plans to address those areas.
43. Detective Superintendent Salwey attended the meeting to provide the above information. It was noted that the first action plan had been superseded by the second inspection and incorporated into a master document with the majority of those actions having been completed or near completion.
44. Missing From Home (MFH) had been the primary area for improvement and in response the Force had created a MFH Improvement team with representation

from key command areas to work intensively for a six week period to ensure that the significant concerns were dealt with immediately. It was noted that further work was still required and that it would be monitored through the Missing from Home Task and Finish Group and that continued assessment through the performance framework would provide the detail to ensure that the improvement plan was having an impact on improved practice and response to missing people and in particular children.

45. In relation to NICHE, it was noted that IT devices that would access NICHE remotely were being trialled and that would give immediate access to intelligence information.
46. MFH audits had taken place and delays were still occurring in relation to medium risk assessed cases. This was more predominant over the night-time hours, due to staff resources. Evaluation and problem solving work had taken place to address this and work was ongoing with local authority partners.

Action – that the PCC receive a further update prior to HMICFRS coming back to the Force in May.

Any other business (AOB)

47. The PCC raised 2 items of AOB.

Everyone Matters

48. The PCC had asked for a briefing on the current position with the Everyone Matters and a presentation was received from the Temporary Deputy Chief Constable.

Action – that further details should be provided to the PCC, outside of the meeting, on the following:

- i. Number of people attending the cultural awareness sessions.
- ii. Numbers of people attending the values and behaviours workshop.
- iii. Details of the consultation with the community.

Cleveland Connected

49. The PCC asked for an update on current arrangements, plans for the contract and future arrangements.

Action – That the Temporary Deputy Chief Constable would check the position in relation to Cleveland Connected and inform the PCC.

50. Date of Next meeting – 5 April 2019



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

Future Budget Planning

Purpose of the Report

1. At the last Scrutiny, Delivery and Performance meeting, budget information was presented to the PCC. In discussing the information contained within the item on the Long Term Financial Plan 2019/20-2022/23 and Capital Plans 2019/20 to 2022/23 it outlined the Force had been asked for plans to set out what the gap looked like from a resourcing perspective and to develop a plan of how this should be best spent, what this will deliver in terms of improved outcomes and how it can be delivered.

Information Required

2. The PCC would like details on the following:
 - a) Detailed analysis of what the gap looks like from a resourcing perspective and then to develop a plan of how this could be best spent, what it would deliver in terms of improved outcomes and how it could be delivered over the next 2-3 years.

Actions Arising

3. That the information should be noted.



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

Transforming Cleveland Police and Sopra Steria Transition

Purpose of the Report

1. At the Scrutiny, Delivery and Performance meeting on 11 December the PCC was given information about the Terms of Reference for Transforming Cleveland Police, details of the project plan and what it will achieve and by when; and details of Fusion (the Sopra Steria transition), the terms of reference, the project plan and what it will achieve and by when.

2. The action in regard to Transforming Cleveland Police was as follows:

That a full day of planning should be arranged; that the ACO would feed back a proposal which catered for the need for OPCC officers to be sighted on and involved in that planning day; and that the PCC should be updated immediately following the Executive Meeting on 15 January 2019.

3. The action in regard to the Sopra Steria Transition was as follows

That the ACO will keep the PCC and OPCC informed of developments in relation to dialogue with Fire.

That the Force provides, via the PCC's scrutiny process, quarterly updates. The first one to take place in March which will also provide details of the previous three months' work.

Information Required

4. The PCC would like an update on the above.

Actions Arising

5. That updates are provided on a quarterly basis, the next one will be in July



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

Estates Strategy

Purpose of the Report

1. At the Scrutiny, Delivery and Performance meeting on 20 February under the item of Cleveland Police – Corporate Financial Monitoring Report to 31 December 2018 it was agreed that an update be provided at the next meeting on the position with the estates strategy, to include the programme of sale of buildings and land.

Information Required

2. The PCC would like details on the following:
Estates strategy/blueprint update to include partnership occupation, where Cleveland Police have people based in other agency premises, what are costs and any issues that the PCC should be aware of and vice versa, what organisations is the Force hosting, where, on what basis and what are costs and any issues?

Actions Arising

3. That the information is noted.



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

Issues arising from Appropriate Authorities Meetings

Purpose of the Report

1. To update the PCC on the Appropriate Authorities Liaison Meeting. The Chief Executive of the OPCC has general delegation of respective Appropriate Authority matters and as such regular meetings take place with the Chief Executive, the Head of the Directorate of Standards and Ethics, the Head of Legal Services and the OPCC's Standards and Scrutiny Manager in order to discharge the Terms of Reference. The meetings take place to discuss matters of common interest and as a forum for the Force to notify the OPCC (and vice versa) of any conduct matters arising from litigation in accordance with the Schedule 3 of the Police Reform Act 2002 and the Police (Complaints and Misconduct) Regulations 2012
2. Since the last update to the PCC, meetings have continued to take place on a monthly basis.
3. The minutes of the meetings will be provided to the PCC for noting.

Information Required

4. The PCC would like details on the following:
 - a. A brief update on Operation Forbes to ensure that the PCC has an active oversight into the approach that is being taken by the Force.



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

Drones

Purpose of the Report

1. At the last Scrutiny, Delivery and Performance meeting on 20 February it was agreed that the Temp Deputy Chief Constable would begin a piece of work to establish a working group to research the use of drone technology.

Information Required

2. The PCC would like an update as to the progress with this piece of work.
 - ii. Allocation in capital and revenue budget £50k
 - iii. Working group needs setting up – have they done this?
 - iv. Who else has drones in the neighbouring forces
 - v. Need their plan

Actions Arising

1. That the PCC notes the progress.



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

National Child Protection Inspection - Post inspection Review

Purpose of the Report

1. At the last Scrutiny, Delivery and Performance meeting on 20 February the PCC received an update on the following:
 - a. An update on progress with the original action plan to include details of the new initiatives implemented by the Force and an analysis of their impact.
 - b. Details of the effect of the NICHE upgrade on PPNs and the OEL.
 - c. An outline of the areas for improvement as detailed in the re-inspection, to include details of the Force's plans to address those areas.
2. It was agreed at the meeting than an update be provided in advance of the re-inspection in May.

Information Required

3. The PCC would like details on the following:
 - a. An update on information given at the February meeting.
 - b. A brief outline of the actions being taken by the Force in relation to the possible links to those Missing From Home and the risk of exploitation by criminal gangs and how this links to tackling County Lines within the Serious Violence Strategy.

Actions Arising

4. That the information is noted and further details provided if necessary.



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

Everyone Matters

Purpose of the Report

1. The PCC received an update on the Everyone Matters programme at the Scrutiny, Delivery and Performance Meeting on 20 February 2019.

Information Required

2. The Chief Executive from the OPCC will give a verbal update on the programme.



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

Forensics Update

Purpose of the Report

1. On the 8 March, West Yorkshire Police contacted the PCCs within the 7 Force Region to provide a further update in respect of the current negotiations with the forensic services supplier.
2. PCCs have been provided with an in-depth Forensics Briefing on 27 November which outlined the key threats to the forensics market which included
 - a. Accreditation
 - b. Governance
 - c. Finance and Funding
 - d. Staff Shortages
 - e. The Impact of Brexit
3. It is therefore timely that the PCC receives a briefing on the implications of the forensics market and their effect on the North East and Cleveland specifically.

Information Required

4. The PCC would like brief details on the following:
 - a. Update and implications of impact on the North East region of the current market instability.
 - b. Update on the position in Cleveland.

Actions Arising

5. That the current position is noted.

Regional collaboration project – regional scrutiny
How do we have a wider accountability



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

Super Complaints – Liberty – Policing by Machine

Purpose of the Report

1. The police super-complaints system became operational on 1 November 2018. Designated bodies may submit super-complaints for consideration by HMICFRS, the College of Policing and the IOPC.
2. Her Majesty's Chief Inspector of Constabulary received a police super-complaint on 18 December 2018 from Liberty and Southall Black Sisters. It's about police data sharing for immigration purposes.
3. Her Majesty's Chief Inspector of Constabulary and senior representatives from the IOPC and the College of Policing are assessing the super-complaint to determine its eligibility for consideration.
4. The APCC EDHR (Equality, Diversity and Human Rights) responded to state that whilst technology plays a central part and presents opportunities for policing and to keep our communities safe. The Code of Ethics states that police officers should take responsibility for their decisions and be aware of the influence that unconscious biases can have. Police and Crime Commissioners play an important role in providing scrutiny over the way that our communities are policed – including the use of digital technology in policing and holding the Chief Constable to account for their duties under the Equality Act. The APCC lead said that they would continue to work with colleagues across policing on the national level to ensure that equality, diversity and human rights were central to discussions on they use of digital technology in policing.

For discussion

5. The PCC would welcome the review and sees the issue as an important part of his community engagement. In advance of the HMICFRS' decision, the PCC would welcome a discussion at this stage and should the review be taken further by HMICFRS how the Force would intend to cooperate.



Scrutiny, Delivery & Performance Meeting

5 April 2019

PCC Questions

PCC Questions – Cleveland Connected

1. At the last Scrutiny, Delivery and Performance meeting, under any other business, the PCC raised the issue of the future of Cleveland Connected and asked for the following information to be provided at this meeting
 - a. The PCC asked for an update on current arrangements
 - b. Plans for the contract
 - c. Future arrangements.

Emergency Services Mobile Communication Programme (ESMCP)

2. Nationally Chief Constables have major concerns about the deliverability of ESMCP to time, to budget and to specification such that they are unable to operationally assure a new business case or the direction of travel for the Programme at this time. The PCC would like brief information for the arrangements and implications for Cleveland in relation to this programme.